RE: PUBLIC EDUCATION FUNDING
INITIATIVE MEASURE 42
INITIATIVE MEASURE 42A

TRANSCRIPT OF PUBLIC HEARING

The Temple Theater
2320 8th Street

Meridian, Mississippi 39301

On Thursday, August 20, 2015

at 5:30 p.m.

REPORTED BY: SHARRON F. ALLEN, CSR, RPR CSR NO. 1144

MR. HOSEMANN: First, thank everyone for coming this evening. Let me explain a little bit about what we're doing, and then we'll get started on time.

The Mississippi Legislature, in 1990, adopted a process in which citizens could propose a constitutional amendment. It began with Number 1 and now we're up to Number 42.

During that period of time four constitutional amendments have been submitted to the voters. The first was term limits, which was defeated by the voters. The second one, which was a very important one, was voter ID, imminent domain, and personhood. Imminent domain and voter ID passed by 72 and 62 percent of the ballot. So in Mississippi history we have had two constitutional amendments passed by initiative and two failed by initiative.

This past year -- it requires 107,000 signatures to be on the ballot. This past year a number in excess of 107,000 was obtained by Mississippi residents who were qualified voters, and you're requited to get these in each of the Congressional districts.

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Under that process the Section 42 amendment to the Constitution was proposed. A ballot initiative was issued by Attorney General Jim Hood, and it was proposed for the ballot in November of this year.

when the legislature met this past year, the legislature proposed a competing amendment, which will be listed as 42A on the ballot.

So for the first time in the history of Mississippi, you have competing amendments from which to choose. In addition, you have of course whether or not to amend the Constitution at all.

Now, in your chairs you should have a copy of our booklet, a pamphlet on these particular ones. The way that we will conduct these hearings -- we're required to do five, and we're doing eight around in the state of Mississippi. We allow the opponents and proponents for each side to give their views. And then we have provided for you in front of you a microphone for citizen statements.

The citizen statements are usually in the two-minute range. And we transcribe each

and every one of them. You will see your statements on the website. So don't say anything that you really don't want to be public. Watch your language.

We are blessed tonight to have -- it's always precious to have members of the Mississippi Highway Patrol here with us. Thank y'all very much. Let's give them a round of applause.

We are also pleased to have

Representative Johnny Stringer. I saw him

come in. There he is in the back here.

Representative Charles Young is here. Welcome.

This evening we will start the process by having each of these individuals speak for and against the two competing amendments.

After that we will begin with the public commentary.

We are on our fourth one of these, and I'll be able to stay for a good bit of this one. After, I have to go to another meeting. Lea Anne will be here to continue on until such time as every person who wants to speak will be allowed to do so. In the past we have

stayed at the other events until almost 7:30 or 8:00.

I think it's critical -- Mississippi has addressed term limits, personhood, imminent domain, the right to vote, and now education. Some of the basic things that we as a citizenry propose have been addressed by public discourse. And unless I miss my bet, tonight you will hear your neighbors speak eloquently for and against these individual groups. And you will hear them and you will learn things from them. You see the news media. They will be reporting on things that are said tonight -- some of them.

So without further ado, Ms. Rana Mitchell is going to speak on behalf of Initiative 42.

MS. MITCHELL: Thank you so much. Thank you for allowing me to speak here today.

My name is Rana Mitchell, and I'm here today in support of Initiative 42 for better schools.

Guys, I'm here tonight as a parent. I'm not a lawyer; I'm not a politician; I'm not a

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lobbyist. I'm a mother. I'm a mother of two boys who attend public school in Eupora. There are many reasons that I'm here tonight to speak to you, but they are two of the most important reasons that I am here. And I am about to embarrass them and make them stand up and wave.

walker and woods, wave to everybody.

I'm also the assistant superintendent in the Carroll County Public School District. I'm partially responsible for the educational success of over 1,000 students, so I do know firsthand the importance of Initiative 42.

I think we can all agree that every child in Mississippi has a fundamental right to a free and appropriate public education. That education means several things. It means safe and modern buildings. It means classrooms that don't leak when it rains. It means up-to-date computers, technology, and lab equipment, enough textbooks for every child to take home to do their homework at night. It means smaller class sizes, more college prep classes, and safe buses.

In 1997 our legislature passed a law

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called the Mississippi Adequate Education
Program to adequately fund K-12 education in
every school district in our state. Yet,
since 1997 the legislature has repeatedly
broken its own law and severely underfunded
every school in Mississippi.

The results are clear. Local school districts are being shortchanged. Local property taxes have gone up. Too many schools have too few teachers, outdated textbooks, old facilities, unsafe buses, and a lack of computers.

The underfunding of our schools is hurting our state's ability to attract companies to move here. And our students, they are not learning the skills companies are looking for. The results of this is hurting our ability to grow and attract good-paying jobs.

In one school district facilities are in such need of repair that, when it rains, teachers have to put down wooden pallets so kids can walk to class.

In my own school district our superintendent pays money out of his own

pocket to supplement teacher salaries.

And all of you here in Lauderdale County in Meridian, you have been shortchanged \$44 million since 2008. That's enough money for 127 new teachers for ten years. I just want you to let that sink in. 127 new teachers for ten years.

It's stories like these in schools all across our state that harm our kids, that sell us short, and scare companies away from doing business with us in Mississippi, and they're costing us jobs.

We can do better. We can have better schools, better jobs, and a better future for our kids and our state.

So I'm here tonight to talk to you about Initiative 42. What is Initiative 42? Well, nearly 200,000 Mississippians from every county and both political parties signed petitions to place Initiative 42 on this year's ballot. As you know, this is a bipartisan movement. Mothers, fathers, teachers, business leaders -- everyone understands that underfunding our schools damages our state's economy and our future.

Initiative 42 will require the legislature to adequately fund Mississippi's public schools under the 1997 law they passed. This will help every school in our state.

The opponents of 42, they'll tell you that it means one judge in Hinds County, one judge in Bolivar County, one judge in Forrest County, one judge in any county could decide how much money our schools will get. That's simply not true. All the judge would do is ensure that the legislature is spending the money on education as required under their own law. Your local school board, you, your community, you get the funding; you set your priorities; and this gives you local control and helps you keep your property taxes down.

Initiative 42 would not require raising taxes or cutting the state budget, period. As stated on every petition signed by nearly 200,000 Mississippians last year, funding can be phased in over seven years using the general fund revenue from the state budget. Those revenues, they have grown an average of almost 5 percent each year over the last ten years. Just a quarter of that growth, do you

know what it amounts to? \$37.5 million per year. At that rate it would only take seven years to fully fund the Mississippi Adequate Education Program.

So it's time. It is time to start giving every Mississippi child the education they deserve. Our schools should have sufficient funding to provide each and every child with a 21st Century education so they have the tools needed to either attend college or go to technical school and just have the skills that they need for these 21st Century jobs.

Better schools will help our state grow. When looking to relocate, y'all know companies are increasingly looking for a highly educated work force. Better schools will attract new businesses to our state. It will help drive economic growth and strengthen our communities. Better schools will lead to better jobs and higher wages.

In closing, in November you can decide whether to increase funding for public education or allow the legislature to continue to underfund our schools.

42 is an investment in the future of our children. 42 is an investment in our state.
42 means better jobs. It means better schools, better jobs, higher wages, and more economic growth for our state.

I urge you to study the facts. If you haven't already, visit the 42 website at 42forbetterschools.org. And when you go there, you can look and see exactly how much your local schools are being underfunded.

Look that up. Then go get your property tax bill. They're related. The more that the state underfunds us, the more your local taxes go up. The money has to come from somewhere. We can fix that with 42.

Talk to your friends. Talk to your neighbors. Democrats, Republicans -- it does not matter. Everyone in Mississippi understands that our schools have been shortchanged, our kids have been shortchanged, and our economy has been shortchanged. And 42 is our chance to really make a difference.

Thank you.

MR. HOSEMANN: Thank you,
Ms. Mitchell.

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You need to remember those standing ovations. You don't get very many of those. I'm still waiting for mine.

Representative Greg Snowden is the president pro tempore of the Mississippi House of Representatives, and he speaks in -- are you speaking opposed? You're speaking in favor of -- you'll be speaking against Amendment 42.

REP. SNOWDEN: That's correct. Thank you, Mr. Secretary.

My name is Greg Snowden. I'm honored to represent this state in the Mississippi legislature for the last 16 years. For 12 of those years I was in the minority; the last four years I've been honored to serve as speaker pro tempore, which is the second highest office in the House of Representative.

Most of you know me. I'm from here in I grew up in the east end. I Meridian. attended Witherspoon Elementary School, Kate Griffin Junior High School, and Meridian High School. I am a product of public schools. My children, both daughters, are a product of the public Schools. They attended public schools

all the way. Both graduated from Meridian high school. My wife is from Birmingham, Alabama, where she's a product of public schools. She's been a teacher in the Meridian Public Schools and now in Lauderdale County Schools for over 20 years. My oldest daughter, Emily, is a school teacher in Hamilton, Texas. She previously taught in the Pearl River County Schools.

So I can stand before you without any problem telling you I'm a product of public schools, I'm a supporter of public schools, and I'm a defender of public schools.

I come here tonight to speak against the adoption of Initiative 42 and in favor of Alternative Measure 42A. Let me say at the outset I don't expect to persuade anybody here. I don't expect to convince anyone here. That's not the nature of these hearings. There's nothing wrong with that. The truth is it's not for that purpose, and nobody's kidding themselves about that. The reason we're here is to give our side and put this in front of the community at large and hopefully answer some questions as we move forward in

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this process. I'm not here to convince you. I'm not here to be convinced. The truth is the petitioners have put the initiative on the ballot, and the legislators have already done all they're going to do. Everything now is up to the voters. In November it's going to be entirely up to the voters, and that's where we I promise to respect your opinions, are now. and I hope you will extend me the same courtesy. If nothing else, we can agree to disagree. We all have an equal voice and vote in November.

And I'm going to tell you some things tonight that maybe you've not heard before. I'm certain there are some things you probably will not like to hear -- some of you. All I can do is state the truth as I believe it to be.

I think it's instructive to begin with a little bit of history of the funding of public education this evening. You've been told -and told tonight -- that the legislature has shortchanged schools, cheated students, and we've broken the law. None of that is true. I'll say that again. None of that is true.

I'll explain why in a minute.

It is true the MAEP formula has only been fully funded twice since its adoption. The first time was in 2003, which was an election year. I stand here before you and say that was a mistake. There's no way the legislature should have fully funded MAEP in 2003. We didn't have the money to do that. And the proof is in the pudding, because when Haley Barbour was elected in 2004, the very next year, we had a \$700 million structural deficit. We simply spent money we did not have. That was the first time that we funded MAEP and we shouldn't have. We didn't have the money.

And in 2007 MAEP was fully funded, and that was not a mistake. We had the money in 2007. The reason was somewhat of an anomaly, but that was the Katrina bump and was before the recession hit. We had a lot of revenue, and we did fully fund the MAEP formula in 2007.

Something you probably have not been told -- let me say this too. People sometimes ask, "You haven't fully funded since 2007.

what haven't you changed it then?"

Well, folks, I stand before you and tell you we've not been trying to change the formula; we've been trying to fund the formula.

Here are some things you probably have not heard: First of all, the legislature has voted twice -- twice -- to fully fund MAEP since 2007. You may have not heard that before, but in 2008 and 2009, both of those years the legislature voted to fully fund MAEP. But you know what happened? Both of those years in the middle of year the revenues did not come in and cuts had to be made. Not just MAEP, but everything else.

In fact, in 2009, which is fiscal year 2010, the revenues for that one fiscal year were over \$400 million less than what we had just the year before in 2008. Massive, massive reduction in our revenues, and so it was not fully funded.

Following that time, from fiscal year 2009 until fiscal year 2013 cumulatively, state revenues were down over \$1.1 billion from what they had been in fiscal year 2008.

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Now, you've been told about being shortchanged. Someone said tonight the amount of money it was. You may have seen a "Know these Numbers" sheet where it says Meridian Public Schools underfunded \$17 million since 2008, Lauderdale County Schools \$21 million.

Well, folks, I can stand here and say that's accurate when you talk about the amount of underfunding, because the funds were not there. There was over \$1 billion shortcoming in our revenues. That's money that never reached the state coffers. We didn't shortchange the schools. We were trying to do what we could do.

That's why I submit you need to look at this history, because it is not true that the legislature has shortchanged you. It's not the case.

Now, over the past four years, since fiscal year 2013, we finally were able to achieve the record level we had in 2008. Since that time in 2012 the legislature has increased education funding at all levels by \$395 million. Our per-student expenditures are in the mid-40s -- 46, 47 -- in the

country. But as a percentage of income, we rank 16th; 16th in this country. We're struggling, but we're moving forward.

There was \$288 million in K through 12 increase over the last four years, \$225 million increase in MAEP, which includes the second largest teacher pay raise in our state history increase of \$70 million to universities and \$36 million increase to our community junior colleges.

The allocation we passed this year for K through 12 is \$106 million more than it was last year. Highest expenditure of K through 12 education in the history, \$395 million, and every Republican and every Democrat in the House of Representatives voted for that budget. And on behalf of the Senate there were only two or three senators that voted against that budget. Everyone in the House chamber, when that budget was presented, understood that was a good budget for K through 12 education. It was a huge move forward. We're proud of what we did. Okay?

I want you to understand if you look at the total MAEP allocation locally -- okay --

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Lauderdale County Schools, a total of \$32.7 million. Now, that's up \$359,000 from last year. I understand some teachers were, told the legislature had cut K-12 funding. That is not true. Lauderdale County Schools, \$32.7 million. Meridian Public Schools \$24.7 million. That's up \$558,000 from last year. Much smaller districts, but Enterprise and Quitman, they are all up.

I do want to make one point, particularly to the classroom teachers that are here. I hope you understand that if K through 12 is funded and nothing else happens, the amount of pay raise for teachers is exactly zero. Increasing MAEP funding does nothing for teacher salaries. We have to do that separately. Now, we do fund it through the formula, but separation is required. One of the things Initiative 42 would do if it passes and has the effect that proponents say it does, resulting in fully funding MAEP, teacher pay raises jumps to the end of the line and are going to be much more difficult to achieve with full funding. Now --

AUDIENCE MEMBERS: Oh, my God.

REP. SNOWDEN: Okay.

The MAEP formula is calculated, among other things, calculated on four components: Instruction component, which is the largest component, administration cost, maintenance and operations cost, and ancillary component.

In 2008 the administrative component of MAEP Base Student Cost was \$686. In fiscal year 2012 it jumped to \$1,003, an increase of 46.25 percent in the administrative component of MAEP. Over that same period, instructional costs raised 6.8 percent. That included teacher pay raises.

I want you to consider what's funded outside of the MAEP formula. \$155 million goes to K through 12 that's not part of the MAEP formula. One is teacher supplies and instructional material. Okay? \$12 million now. And interestingly, in 2012 that amount was \$6 million. And what's really interesting is the law says it's supposed to be 26 million. It was diverted from teacher supplies into MAEP. The same thing happened with ad valorem reduction fund. It was \$46 million. We were not able to get that.

Public school building fund was \$40 million.

That money was diverted because MAEP was considered so important they took that money.

Our need is to put more money in the classroom. Some of you are probably national board-certified teachers. That's not through MAEP. The legislature has to fund that separately. We can all do that if we have the revenue to do it. We have to take the first slice out of MAEP. That's not going to happen likely.

So if you've heard nothing else I've said tonight, I want you to hear this one thing. The legislature has to reason to be defensive and certainly not apologetic or embarrassed by our support of K through 12 education, particularly over the last four years. We're proud of it. I want you to know that. We've taken some big steps to moving forward. We've not shortchanged anybody; we've not cheated anybody. Now, have we been able to fully fund the formula? No, we haven't, but we've been moving forward.

One important thing I want you to hang on to: Over the last four years the

legislature has allocated an average of 28 percent of general fund revenue growth to K through 12. We're ahead of the pace that the proponents of Initiative 42 said they want.

I hope I've illustrated why Initiated 42 is unnecessary. I'm going to speak to 42A. I don't know if Delbert wants me to sit down.

MR. HOSEMANN: You've got eight
minutes left.

REP. SNOWDEN: I'll just stay right here.

I am standing before you as the primary author of House Concurrent Resolution 9 which established Alternative Measure 42A. You have been told it is fake, some sort of trick, a dirty trick. None of that is true. I want you to know I'm grateful to have had the opportunity to have written Alternative Measure 42A and to lead the legislature to adopt it. I want to explain to you why it was absolutely necessary.

when Initiative 42 was filed by the proponents, the ballot title as filed by the proponent read: "Should the state be required to provide for the support of an adequate and

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efficient system of free public schools?"

That's all it said. Well, you might as well have said "baseball, Mom, and apple pie."

Initiative 42 proponents never intended to have this debate. They never intended to explain their proposal. They gambled the legislature would not have the political will or have the good sense to propose an alternative. They lost that gamble we did bring it forward. We did it explicitly to shine a light on the differences between 42 and 42A.

What does Initiative 42 really do?

You've got the language in front of you. It says that the "state" -- not the legislature -- "the state shall provide for the establishment, maintenance, and support of an adequate and efficient system of free public schools. The chancery courts of this state shall have the power to enforce this section with appropriate injunctive relief."

Now, when you take "legislature" out of the Constitution and you insert "state,"and one sentence later you give the courts authority to enforce that, ladies and

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gentlemen, you are literally ensuring separation of powers, and you are granting legislative authority to the judicial branch. This is highly inappropriate and should not happen. What it does is create a new right to sue -- something that does not exist now -- a new right to sue to enforce that adequate and efficient system, which is whatever the court may determine to be.

It says nothing about funding per se.

It certainly says nothing about the MAEP
formula. When you were told that all

Initiative 42 does is require the legislature
to fully fund MAEP formula, that's patently
false. It doesn't even relate to the MAEP
formula. What it does is give someone the
right to sue to say, among other things,
adequate funding is not there.

And you've been told several things about Initiative 42 that are not true, which you wouldn't know about except for 42A. One of those things is all it does is force the legislature to fully fund the formula. That's not true. MAEP and funding are not even mentioned.

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You've also been told it allows for a phase-in. That's only if the court allows it. It has nothing to do with -- there's nothing at all binding on the court about this phase-in, this seven-year phase-in. It's just not there. And as I said, the legislature is already at a faster pace than Initiative 42 proponents said that they want.

Let's talk about funding. Okay? What would Initiative 42 do about funding? The short answer is we don't know. We don't know because we can't know. Here's the official fiscal analysis for the amendment: "Because this proposed amendment shifts funding decisions from the legislature to the court system, it is impossible to provide a specific fiscal impact of Initiative 42."

It goes on to say what the impact would be if the court system assumes that the MAEP formula is to be enforced, \$201 million above the fiscal year budget.

Now, the chairman of appropriations in the House recently asked state agencies to bring forward a plan if the court orders that we have to fully fund the MAEP formula, which

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certainly they have the authority in Initiative 42 if it passes. What are you going to do?

Well, I'm telling you, ladies and gentlemen, it's not a pretty picture. I've got in front of me. This is not from the legislature. This is from various state agencies. "What would you do if this passes and you have to make these cuts?"

The Arts Commission says it will impact 136 arts organizations and 36 schools receiving MAC grants. The attorney general says it would jeopardize a program that investigates and prosecutes Medicaid fraud. Community colleges. Community colleges says tuition would increase from 7 percent to 45 percent, cap enrollment, eliminate some academic and workforce training programs, and reduce remedial offerings. This is from community colleges. The MDA, weaken support, less staff. It will impact existing industry and tourism. IHL, institutes of higher learning -- tuition increase from 7.4 percent to 15 percent, reduce class services, and so Mental health, the largest employer we on.

have in the state agencies. In the IDD programs they will terminate 363 employees, impacting 225 clients, close beds, community group homes, adult day programs. Close their crisis centers, six of those, 68 chemical dependency units. So on, so on, so on.

This is from every state agency, ladies and gentlemen. The legislature didn't make this up. The agencies were responding to what impact this would have if this passes.

Let's get real here. If initiative 42 passes and we have to make these cuts, some of your friends and neighbors who work at East Mississippi State Hospital and some of these other facilities are going to lose their jobs. That's what we're looking at here. These are not scare tactics, as Herb Frierson was accused of.

I will read you what the *Clarion-Ledger*, said about what Chairman Frierson did. He said, "His calling for agency heads to prepare an emergency budget solution in case of a 7.8 percent cut is him being a responsible chairman. The alternative would be disastrous: To sit idly by and risk a reality

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3 Ladies and gentlemen, it's not 4

politicians or legislators necessarily that are calling for opposition to Initiative 42. Your community college and university presidents are actively doing that. State employees and agency heads are actively doing that. Mississippi Manufacturers Association, Mississippi Farm Bureau, Mississippi Hospitality and Restaurants Association, Mississippi Association of Realtors, and Mississippi Bankers Association.

in which voters approve the amendment and a

judge orders full funding of MAEP."

All of these folks have already come out in opposition to 42, and there will be more. Just about every association in this state is reviewing it, and most of them are weighing in in opposition to Initiative 42.

Initiative 42A provides authority to the legislature -- which is appropriate -- and it provides for effective public schools.

Now, I don't know if you want to change the Constitution or not, but if you do, please consider the legislative alternative, 42A, which requires effective schools and doesn't

measure success on the amount of money received.

I'm not here to convince you, but there are serious issues here at stake. The very core of our representative democracy is at stake.

I want to thank you for the opportunity.

I'm from Meridian. This is my hometown.

Those of you who are not from Meridian, I want to welcome you here.

Thank you very much.

MR. HOSEMANN: Thank you.

MS. MITCHELL: Before I begin, I do want to respond to a couple of issues that were brought up by Representative Snowden.

In talking about the measure and the constitutional amendment and the words "state, funds, the legislature," and all of these words, you know what? I'm tired of words.

I'm tired of words. Words have done us no good in public education for the past couple of decades.

when a public bus is broke down in my district and we couldn't take kids home and we had to borrow buses from other school

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districts, words didn't help us. Words do not help my two kids have a full-time librarian at their high school and elementary school.

We need action. Action is what matters. We all know actions speak louder than words.

Secondly, the words about the phase-in in the constitutional amendment: Representative Snowden is right; he's correct. The seven-year phase-in plan is not in the amendment. But do you know what else is not in the Constitution? The fact that they have to fund MAEP in one year as Herb Frierson said and scared everybody about budget cuts and firing people. That's not in the Constitution. They don't have to do that. gave them a responsible option, a roadmap for funding. Now, if they have a better idea that doesn't involve budget cuts, doesn't involve raising your taxes, I think we can all agree that we're all for it. We're all ears. Right?

And the scare tactics and the fearmongering, they're just trying to put every single one of us against each other.

It's K-12 versus community colleges. And now

it's K-12 against our teachers. I mean, trial lawyers, consolidation, budget cuts -- these are all scare tactics. I mean, I think they would throw in the kitchen sink to defeat 42 if they thought it would make a difference.

Now, as part of the session I am supposed to get up and speak against 42A and why it's so bad, but the thing is I never heard anybody really speak for 42A. I didn't hear why it was so good. What does that tell you?

I'm going to play by the rules, and I am going to tell you why 42A is so bad. People, never before in the 198-year history of our state has the state legislature ever gone against the will of the people by placing an alternative to an initiative measure on the ballot. All those that he mentioned, no alternative. It didn't happen until nearly 200,000 Mississippians signed petitions to say that they wanted the Constitution to be amended to force the legislature to obey their own law and fully fund our public schools.

42A was placed on the November ballot by the legislature for one purpose and one

purpose only, and it was just to divide the supporters of public education so that Initiative 42 won't get the percentage of votes that it needs to amend our Constitution. In other words, yes, it is a trick. And I don't want any of you to fall for it.

So, voters, you will have two choices when you enter the voting booth on November 3rd. Your first choice that you will see is whether or not to amend the State Constitution. The Constitution does need to be amended because it gives the legislature currently control over public school funding with no accountability. None. Voters who want that accountability -- who wants that accountability? Voters that want that accountability for full funding of our schools must vote yes for this constitutional amendment.

Then you have a second choice. Your second choice is between Initiative 42 and the legislative alternative, 42A. Again, voters who want better public schools should vote for Initiative 42, not 42A. It's easy. My kids even know this. Just remember that 42A, the A

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stands for against, as in against public education.

The author here of 42A did not put it on the ballot in the hopes that it would pass. He's told us this. He did it to split our votes, to split the vote of those in favor of an amendment so that neither one of them is even adopted. By putting 42A on the ballot, the legislature thumbed its noses at you-all. It thumbed its noses at the hundreds and thousands of people who signed those petitions for 42.

Don't be fooled. 42A keeps the status quo. 42A allows the legislature to continue to underfund our schools. 42A is against adequate funding. 42A says yes to unsafe buses, yes to leaky roofs, yes to less textbooks, yes to less training for teachers. It does nothing to improve our schools. In fact, 42A budgets no additional money for public education. It says so right here. None.

Only Initiative 42 will hold our legislators accountable to fulfill their promise that they made to make education

funding a priority.

Now, these lawmakers, they'll tell you some tall tales. Mr. Snowden and the politicians in Jackson, they'll tell you that throwing more money at public schools will not solve our problems. But by not following their own 1997 law, they've never even given their own plan a chance to succeed.

Mr. Snowden and the politicians in
Jackson will tell you that one judge in Hinds
County, one judge here, one judge there will
decide how much money your school district
will get. Guys, the fact is one judge has
never had the say on anything that one side or
the other did not like. The nine-member State
Supreme Court has always had the final word.

But you know what? Every bit of this is irrelevant if lawmakers will just follow their own law. I wouldn't even be standing here talking to you tonight. None of you would be here tonight if these guys would follow their own law. The fact is if you don't break the law, guess what? You don't have to go to court.

Mr. Snowden and the politicians in

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Jackson will tell you that they will have to cut the state budget or raise your taxes if you force them to follow their own law. But, again, go look at your county tax bill, your local tax bill, and see how much it's gone up in the past ten years. I looked at mine, and it has. Because those same politicians won't do their job and follow the law.

Guys, the money is here for our schools. It's there without cutting the budget. It's there without raising our taxes. And it can be done responsibly over seven years. But it's a matter of priorities.

You should seriously go look at some of the things that our lawmakers have wasted money on. Millions and millions of dollars wasted on projects that have gone bust. You wouldn't believe the crazy things they've spent money on — money that should have gone to our public schools. You know, maybe if they can waste all that money, they could give a teacher pay raise and a national board certification teacher pay and fund education. There's a thought.

Every single story Mr. Snowden and the

politicians in Jackson will tell you is based on fear -- every single one of them. Scare tactics that have zero basis in fact.

Because, everyone, ask yourself this question: Why would they work so hard to confuse all of us on an issue as important as public education? Maybe it's because they're scared to death that they're going to lose their control and their power to tell you how to run your schools. I really do think sometimes these politicians get confused about who works for whom.

In closing, on November 3rd you have a chance to take back control of your schools by voting for Initiative 42. You have a chance to tell the legislature that you won't be fooled by 42A. You have a chance to hold these politicians accountable for fully funding our public schools just like they promised. And you have the chance to show these public school children there is nothing more important than a good education. Because better schools means better jobs, higher wages, and more economic growth for our state.

So on November 3rd when you walk in that

voting booth, say yes to the only true choice 1 2 for public education, Initiative 42. 3 MR. HOSEMANN: We're going to go to 4 the public commentary now. 5 Lea Ann, if you would come up. MS. BRANDON: Now we're going to move 6 7 to the public comments; so each of you who 8 signed up in the back to speak, we're going 9 to recognize you in the order in which you turned in your cards. We're going to start 10 off with pro arguments for 42. Most of the 11 12 people who signed up to speak are speaking in favor of 42. We have one speaker 13 against. 14 15 We'll start with Mr. Warren Woodrow from 16 Taylorsville. If you'll come forward, you 17 have three minutes to speak. 18 COURT REPORTER NOTE: COULD NOT HEAR 19 PORTIONS OF SPEAKER'S COMMENTS AND MAY BE 20 INACCURACIES ? 21 MR. WOODROW: Thank you. It']] probably take five hours to refute 22 misinformation that I heard tonight. 23 I'm the superintendent of education for 24 West Jasper School District. My office is 25

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located in Bay Springs, Mississippi. We are in critical need there. I am one of the superintendents in this state that's a proponent of 42.

I'm a conservative. I handle the school district money like it was my own. I've had to ask for an increase in funding in two of my eleven years as superintendent of education.

I'm going to have to get away from my planned comments to refute some things. I hate asking people for more money, but here's the bottom line: If 42 passes, I won't have to ask my taxpayers for any more money.

We will obligate all of the excess revenue the state of Mississippi has taken in. Excess revenue. We filled the rainy day fund up this year. It's overflowing. And then for some reason we proposed an income tax cut of 11.8 million, but we don't have enough money to fund MAEP. Taxes are a separate thing.

Now, I mean no disrespect towards
anyone. I'm not a Republican anymore or a
Democrat. I'm Independent. I was elected one
time as a Democrat, thought I was a
Republican, and I don't know what I am now. I

just care about our schools.

I coached football for 20 years, won four state championships. Very proud of that. Let me tell you how you know you've got a winning team: It's when the other team has to cheat to win [inaudible] playing field.

If 42 is so bad, if it is so wrong, why did the legislature create 42A to destroy the amendment? If it was so bad, why are they arguing in favor of 42? Why did they propose for the first time in history an alternate amendment which they know will not pass, whose only purpose is to confuse the voters? An amendment is proposed by 200,000 registered voters in this state who some are going around saying, "Oh, they were just too ignorant to know what they were signing." And I've heard that many times. It's an insult.

42 is a well-thought-out proposal that citizens of our state worked very hard to get on the ballot. Why do they oppose it?

Because they knew it was so good, and we knew it was so good. Why did they propose 42A?

Because they knew it was going to pass, period. And now with 42A, you have a massive

organized misinformation campaign that they've launched to further confuse the effort to guarantee the school district has the resources to give Mississippi students an adequate education.

MS. BRANDON: Your time is up.

MR. WOODROW: I'm just getting started. My cell number is (601) 670-0767.

And I'll just say this: The facts are 42 will not cause any state agency to lose money. I have met with university presidents. I'm going behind these folks giving misinformation. I've met with IHL. They are getting misinformation. 42 will not cause any state agency to have any budget cuts, period.

Thank you for your time.

MS. BRANDON: Next we have an argument against 42 from Mr. Scott Elliott of Meridian. You'll have three minutes.

MR. ELLIOTT: Knowing I had very limited time tonight, I actually wrote out a script because I didn't want to ramble, but I'm not going to use that.

I just want to tell you that I am here

tonight representing myself, although I work for one of those agencies that has been told to plan for an 8 percent budget cut with the appropriations chair's directive.

I was going to talk to you about not what I was against, but what I was for because I don't believe in talking against things.

You know, I feel like this nation suffers from way too much negative and meanspirited rhetoric and political campaigns and debates; and I will tell you, folks, I'm just not going to be a part of it.

But I'm going to go completely away from my script because I just really want to say one thing. I was going to talk to you about -- I actually agree with Superintendent Mitchell who spoke so eloquently about what we need is economic development, and I will make one point here.

I just think we need economic development through a K through university setting. I think we need to rise the tide for all folks in education. And I hope that can happen no matter what is voted on this.

But I will tell you this story real

quick. I hope I can do it in the next couple of minutes. Representative Snowden has kind of stood against the tide here tonight. And being associated with the community college and our funding has gone down something like 14 percent over the last 15 years on a per-student basis, so we've kind of suffered too.

But I went to him and I said,

"Representative Snowden" -- and he won't even
remember this conversation probably. It was
several years ago. -- because the K through
12 system, they were at least doing better
with the legislature than us at the community
college. So I said, "How can we become as
high a priority as the K through 12 system so
we can do good things too?"

You know what he said to me? He said, "You can't, because we have to take care of our children first."

And so, you know, some of the climate that I've seen tonight seems congruent with the conversations that I've had. I had to swallow that, "Well, you can't because we have to take care of our children first." And that

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public school system. Her brother is joining her very soon. My daughter is a career public

> school teacher. My wife worked in public schools all her career. I'm a career educator

> I just wanted to come here tonight to tell you what I'm really for is K through the

came from Representative Snowden.

So, really, that's all I wanted to say.

I didn't come here tonight to be a pariah in

the room. I've got a granddaughter in the

university system. I think all these agencies

myself. I enjoy the K through 12 system, but

need to be funded adequately so that we can get this job done, economic development, and

improve the quality of life for our citizens.

So that's all I want to say except God bless you all and thank you for listening to me.

MS. BRANDON: Mr. Elliott, you mentioned you had written a script -- and this is for everyone. If you're not speaking tonight or you don't have enough time to say what you want to say tonight, at the back of the room is a little display that has these cards. And this is something

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that you're welcome to make a written comment on, and we will post that to our website as we do with the oral comments tonight. Or if you don't want to do the card and you want to go home and think about it, you can e-mail it to the Secretary of State's office at initiatives@sos.gov. That way everyone in the state can read your comments, and you can express yourself without my time limits.

All right, moving forward. Another pro argument will be presented by Mr. Richard Coleman from Meridian.

MR. COLEMAN: I'd like to say to each of you I'm not going to get up here and give y'all the stats. Many of what you heard tonight was a bunch of lies. And I'm sad that our representatives is not truthful to what's going on.

The NAACP -- I'm Richard Coleman. I'm a native of Meridian. I now live in Newton, Mississippi.

Now, I want to share something with you In Meridian I was a city councilman for all. two terms. I've been involved in the

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community schools for years. This is nothing I'm the president of the NAACP. I'm the president of the NAACP here in Meridian. president of the Newton County NAACP. Education is one of the primary missions of the NAACP.

Now, I want to share something. don't get adequate funding -- now, they want to keep the jailhouse full. Okay? They fund the penal institutions top dollars. And what they want to do is push the kids out of school into the jail system. And that is going on and still going on in a lot of our school districts because we don't have quality people, quality funding to satisfy the needs of all students. We have students that come to school that need counsel, someone to work with them.

Let me share this with you: Right here in Meridian in 2006 -- many people thought Meridian was all about everything. But we was leading the nation -- one of the school districts leading the nation as far as the schoolhouse to jailhouse. Pushing our kids out of schools because we didn't have

teachers -- administrators or teachers.

Expelling good kids with the wrong color socks. But we can't get quality teachers or quality administrators unless we pay them a good salary. And they talk about child [inaudible]. All that is about a profit margin. It ain't about quality education.

Don't be fooled.

what we need to do is support this change in our Constitution. 42, vote it. Don't be tricked with 42A.

And I'm surprised that Representative
Snowden, he going to brag about he went to
public schools and his children went to public
schools. If the public schools served him so
well, why isn't he supporting funding of
public schools? Think about that. I'm a
realist. If we don't fully fund our school
system, we're not going to have a quality
education society. And the foundation of a
successful society or community is quality
education.

I'm going to say this and I'm going to sit down. I remember as a child my dad couldn't read. He went to second grade or

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something. He was a farmer. He was a very wise man. He would listen to a radio station coming out of Memphis, Tennessee, 6:00 every evening. And I started -- I was about 14 or 15 years old, and I started listening with my dad. And it was a program that came on, "World Moscow." Some of y'all might remember it. That's when President Eisenhower was the president, just came in as President. That's when the Sputnik went up. The Russians sent the Sputnik up with the dog. You remember that? And America got all up in arms: "The Russians done beat us. They done beat us to space." Spending all kind of money. You know what Khrushchev said? He's not worried about America. America is going to defeat themselves because they're going to rot away at the core. And I see that. If we don't have a quality education system for all children, we going to rot away at the core.

Thank you.

MS. BRANDON: Speaking in favor of 42, Camille Lesseig from Meridian.

MS. LESSEIG: My name is Camille
Lesseig, and I live here in Meridian. I

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want to say a couple of things to you guys.

Initiative 42 is about one thing -- our ability to hold our legislators accountable for adequately funding public schools. Mississippians have already taken steps to achieve this goal to have the legislature follow their law. Consider the time and energy spent creating this petition that led to this ballot initiative. Gathering the required signatures, reaching out on social media and in person, speaking at public forums across the state, writing countless pieces in state newspapers.

Despite these efforts, members of the legislature -- including some of our own representatives -- have attempted to obstruct this simple accountability measure. It is up to us to overcome this obstruction and take the final step. Vote to pass Initiative 42 on November 3rd.

when the legislature passed MAEP in 1997, they made a promise to the state of Mississippi that they would fund public schools through a formula they created. Since its passage the legislature has fulfilled its

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promise twice.

Legislators opposed to the initiative have often cited "a faulty formula included in MAEP" to justify their stance. My question to those individuals would be "Why haven't you spent the last 18 years writing a new bill or creating a new formula? Why instead did you write an alternative to this initiative to try to confuse Mississippians?"

why does this issue matter now? matters because on November 3rd you will decide if the legislature keeps its promise by voting yes on Initiative 42.

Former Governor William Winter said "The only road out of poverty runs by the schoolhouse door." As a Meridian High School teacher, I certainly agree with Winter. And I work every day with the intention that I, in some small way, am guiding students along that However, how far along that road can my road. students travel if we have two books to share for 120 students? How far along that road can we travel if we don't even have doors on all the bathroom stalls, if we cannot pay to staff the schools with the personnel needed by our

student body? How far can I travel down this road if working in this state means I have to forego starting a family and buying a house because I have to dedicate my income to buying supplies and paper for my classroom?

If we do not pass Initiative 42, if we do not start holding our legislators and other elected officials accountable for their promises to fund our schools, what will we have to say to future Mississippians? What did we do to ensure a better future for them? I for one hold them accountable. I will vote yes for Initiative 42.

MS. BRANDON: Speaking in favor of 42 Lundy Brantley of Union, Mississippi.

[COURT REPORTER NOTE: COULD NOT HEAR PORTIONS OF SPEAKER'S COMMENTS AND MAY BE INACCURACIES]

MR. BRANTLEY: Good evening. I wish they had let me go first because I hate going after all of those great talks. I don't know what I can do, but I'm going to talk anyway.

I'm going to start out with a quote from a friend of mine named [inaudible]. Some of

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you may know her. She's president of the [inaudible] School District Board of Trustees. She said, "This is not a Republican issue; it's not a Democrat issue: this is an issue of funding." She is a staunch Republican. Okay? She knows what it's all about. She knows that education is for everybody -- not one party, not another party. Who cares what party.

The judge in Hinds County, I'm getting tired of hearing that. I didn't hear a lot about any complaints against these so-called leaders that we have when Governor Musgrove's suit got thrown out by a Hinds County judge. Did you? I didn't.

We're the only state without judicial enforcement to fund public education. I guess we got that one right.

I've heard a few people say the amendments were not good government. Well, when we tried to vote the abolition of slavery, I think the amendment was pretty good.

The legislature has had control. It's time for a change now. It's time to vote 42 in.

In January of 2013 I saw this and I heard it with my own ears from the appropriations chairman. "It's going to get better, and we're going to help you out." I'm still waiting.

The most funding ever. And also our buses cost more than ever; salaries cost more than ever; insurance costs more than ever; buildings, technology. We're not even talking about educating kids yet. We're talking about everything that we have to take care of on the financial side.

An amendment was proposed \$25 million to add. Said there was no money. That afternoon they voted on a tax cut.

The administrative costs I referred to just a few minutes ago, the administrative costs not through MAEP. Superintendents not MAEP. I don't know how many times we have to say that, but we're not. We're not paid through that. Administrative costs are not just administrators. That's insurance; that's teacher insurance and employee insurance, and that's property insurance. That's business property. We have to pay for secretaries. It

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does pay for administrators, retirement, workers' comp. That's where our money is having to go. You have to do those things.

Here's a small example. Pearl Public School District in 2013 had a hailstorm that was unbelievable. Their insurance went from \$60,000 per year to \$120,000. It doubled. That's why we have to have more money. Things cost more now.

Money wasted? I'm sure there is some. I'm not going to disagree with that. But I tell you anybody in here, any superintendent in here would ask you to "Come look at my budget, and I'll show you where our money is going. I'll show you." The overwhelming majority of districts in this state are spending probably better than they've ever spent because there's no money to really spend. There's not a whole lot extra.

what will we do with the money? I'd love to have some more classes. I'd love to start an art course at Union High School. I'd love to have one-on-one technology for each one of my kids grade 7 through 12. I'd like to have more vocation classes. That's what we

would do with the money. Will money solve our problems? Not necessarily. But if we don't fund our schools, I can assure you we will continue to have problems.

I'm going to leave you with this one other thing. We've got to fight this. We've got groups called Empower Mississippi that is trying to kill public education. They will do everything they can to kill this amendment. I promise you they are trying right now. I promise you. All those representatives mentioned, a lot of those are funded by outside funding -- Washington, D.C., Michigan. They want to kill our initiative so they can get their charter schools in here and vouchers to make money. That's what it's all about.

And one other thing: Are we going to listen to lobbyists who could care less about our kids, out-of-state money, or are we going to make people listen to us? This is a people's initiative. Ninety percent of our children go to public schools in this state.

MS. BRANDON: Mr. Brantley.

MR. BRANTLEY: Hold on. One more
thing.

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We have to make this happen, and it's up to us, and it will happen.

Thank you.

MS. BRANDON: Next up is Sally Gray of Meridian speaking in favor of Initiative 42.

MS. GRAY: I'm going to read today so I can get it all in.

My name is Sally Gray. I'm here from Meridian. I'm a Mississippi native. I've lived in six different communities in Mississippi in my lifetime.

I worked to gather those 200,000 signatures to place Initiative 42 on the ballot. And why? Because it's way past time for our schools to have the resources they need to produce a well-educated work force.

Our legislators have had ample opportunity since 1997 to fully fund our schools, but they chose to do so only twice, as you've heard. Meanwhile, our rainy day fund overflows. And just this last spring our leaders tried to outdo each other in proposing bigger and bigger tax cuts in an election year. And our public schools again came out on the short end of that stick.

While some state agency budgets have grown by more than 60 percent since the 2008 recession, the K-12 education budget has actually increased only 2.5 percent.

why do we need Initiative 42? Here are a few more reasons: Mississippi, my beloved state, still comes in dead last, 50th in terms of overall childhood well-being, and comes in 48th in education. Thirty-five percent of our children -- think about that -- 35 percent of our children live in poverty. And educators will readily acknowledge it takes more resources to educate economically disadvantaged children.

Despite the opposition saying that
Mississippi spends so much money on public
schools, our state still ranks among the
bottom five in the nation in per-pupil
spending. Businesses and industries look at
this kind of data when they choose where to
invest.

It is time for us to have a seismic shift in our thinking and priorities in Mississippi and demonstrate to the world that Mississippi is willing to invest in its

children, 90 percent of whom attend public schools. And, yes, they are all our kids. The future of all Mississippians is intricately linked to their success or failure.

The dawns of doom, as I like to call them, will squawk and tell you there's no way to fully fund our schools, the sky is falling, and the court will be in charge of running our schools. Don't believe them for a minute. This can be done, and it must be done.

We voters must seal our determination to give all our kids a quality education whether they are from Meridian or Madison or Mound Bayou. That was the original intent of the adequate education formula after all -- to ensure that for all Mississippi students. But the legislature has consistently turned its back on our children, choosing instead to cozy up to the lobbyists who look at Mississippi like a lion eyes raw meat.

To be sure, full funding does not guarantee great results, but the shortchanging of our schools leaves us at the bottom of the ranks. And, personally, I'm fed up with being

50th.

If you're on the fence about how to vote in November, I encourage you to pick up the phone, call your local school superintendent, talk with some teachers, check with your school board members. Ask them how our legislature's chronic shameful and consistent underfunding of MAEP has affected our public schools and our children's achievement. Since our legislators lack the political backbone to do what needs to be done, the people, the voters of Mississippi will have to show them the way by voting yes for Initiative 42 on November 3rd.

Thank you.

MS. BRANDON: Thank you.

Next is Randy Hodges from Collinsville, speaking in favor of 42.

MR. HODGES: I'm Randy Hodges from the Lauderdale County School District.

I'd like to first start out by pointing out a few things to you that I think are very important you need to understand.

First of all, in 1997 the Mississippi Adequate Education Program was passed after a

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lot of hard work by the superintendents, educators, teachers, parents because it was necessary. Why it was necessary is because all children were not given the same opportunity. The Mississippi Adequate Education Program was to see that funding was equal across this fine state of ours; to make sure that in the Delta and in the rural areas and places where the tax base is not as it could be, that they got equal funds.

The only problem is it passed in 1997, but it's only been fully funded twice in 18 years -- the first year it was passed and then an election year.

Now, here's the way I see it: I think we've let our students down and our children in Mississippi. I think we've let our communities down. And I'm going to take the blame. I think as superintendents we should have been having this dialogue many years ago, not 2015, but much earlier than this. I think I can give you reasons why: Our students per-student expenditure in Mississippi is behind all the other southern states -- behind Alabama, behind Arkansas, behind Tennessee.

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So why? Why should our students be getting less money than a student in any of our southern states in comparison?

The other thing is our teachers. Now, in Lauderdale County, if we had received full funding since 2008, we would have received \$21 million in addition to what we did. Now, we know what to do with that. Number one priority is safety, but number two is to get good classroom teachers in every class. We haven't been able to do that, so we could have taken \$21 million, and we would have known how to use it and what to do with it.

So I think we let our teachers down. think the superintendents did. I think the principals need to do something more. I think our legislators -- Democrats and Republicans. I think superintendents, all of us, we let them down because of those simple facts.

Our teachers' salary is 50th. The only state below us is South Dakota. We let them down. We let our teachers down. We waited too long for this. We waited too long to have this dialogue. It should have been much earlier.

Here's what I want you to do: I want you to look at the past at what made Mississippi's improvement. I'll tell you what it was. It was a governor called William winter. When William Winter worked as hard as he did to see that kindergarten would be implemented into our fine state, that meant more than anything that I've seen in my 40 years of being a school administrator. So we need to learn from that. We need to learn from what he accomplished in '82. And we need to fight as hard as we can between now and November to see that the Mississippi Adequate Education Program is fully funded in the future and make a difference like william Winter did.

So y'all join us. We'll do everything we can. I'm going to give you the latest polls. What I'm hearing is we're in trouble. And we've got to get out and fight, because from what I'm hearing, it's going to be hard to pass it with all the reasons we heard tonight. I don't like that. That bothers me. I want to feel like we've got a chance to make it up to our children and our teachers. We

don't want them to be paid last in the state, with one state below us; and we want our children to get a fair public education that's funded no matter what your ZIP code may be, no matter what the situation is. The Mississippi Adequate Education Program can do that if it's fully funded. So let's fight for 42.

MS. BRANDON: Thank you, Mr. Hodges.

Next speaking in favor of Initiative 42 is Michael Van Veckhoven.

MR. VAN VECKHOVEN: Good evening.

My name is Michael Van Veckhoven. I'm a business owner here in Meridian, and I'm a member of the Meridian Public School District Board of Trustees. I'm a proud father of two students in the Meridian Public School District.

Tonight I'm speaking in favor of
Initiative 42. There's a couple of things
I've learned since being appointed to the
school board. Number one is it takes money to
educate children. It takes real money. And
it takes even more money to educate the
thousands of children across our state who
come to our schools every day with issues that

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are taking place outside the schools -absentee parents, food insecurity, poor
healthcare, and on and on. And our public
schools welcome these children and all
children lovingly with open arms every day.
And it takes money to educate children.

Another thing I learned. I'm a businessperson. Before I got involved with public education, I would see how much the schools were spending. I would think, "That's so much money. They've got to be wasting that money. It's such a large amount." But I got on the school board and I had to approve buses and look at financial statements. And I educated myself and looked at the financial data line by line with a microscope, and I found out that the vast majority of this money is not wasted. It does go towards bettering our children. So I it takes money to educate kids.

The legislature adopted MAEP in 1997.

The legislature promised the school districts that they would be funded X amount of dollars every year. It wasn't a verbal promise. They actually passed a law saying they were going

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to do this. They haven't kept their promise; and they've broken the law, plain and simple. It's not personal. I've got friends that are representatives and senators. It's not personal, but they've broken the law. It is what it is.

And just jumping right through it all: Four years ago political leadership in this state declared an all-out war on public education. They did. And they could go on and on about the endless so-called reforms they passed to help schools every year, but the most significant of those is the introduction of charter schools. ignoring parents and educators across the state that opposed charter schools, charter schools are funded by taxpayers yet not governed by appointed school board members. Charter schools that rob neighboring public schools of students and resources. And charter schools that turn away students that they don't want. That is what they do. These are the facts.

Yet yesterday the elected leaders of our state had a grand opening of Mississippi's

first charter school. They were so excited to be there. "These are wonderful kids" is what our governor said. And I'm sure the kids in that charter school are wonderful; but I've got news for the governor: The kids in Meridian High School are wonderful. The kids at Crestwood Elementary are wonderful. The kids at [inaudible because of applause] are wonderful. The kids at Newton County High School, West Hills Elementary, Philadelphia, Neshoba Central are wonderful kids too.

Now, maybe if the governor and his legislative buddies would actually visit some real public schools every now and then, maybe they would recognize that too. Not to mention the teachers, counselors, administrators, and coaches who give their lives for these children. And they ask for very little in return. All they ask for is adequate funding. That's all they ask for. The money has to come from somewhere. It can come from the state — they've promised us the money — or it can come from our property taxes at the local level and more bond issues down the road.

I urge everyone to please vote for Initiative 42. Thank you.

MS. BRANDON: Thank you, sir.

Alvin Taylor from Meridian, speaking in fair of Initiative 42.

MR. TAYLOR: Good evening. I'm superintendent of Meridian Public Schools. I won't talk long.

Since 2008, as you heard earlier, our district, the Meridian Public School District, has been shortchanged by over \$20 million. I know that what you heard is that we got a pay raise and we're flush with money, but let me tell you some real facts.

The average school building in the Meridian Public School District is over 60 years old. We have one nearly 100 years old. Our children have to ride on buses that, on average, are 12 years or older. But yet we keep hearing the story that we have enough money.

Let me tell you some more facts. When it comes to the state of Mississippi funding public education, we are in the bottom 10 percent of this country. In the Southeast

we are dead last. Louisiana just went through the devastation of Katrina. How are they funded higher than we are? And yet they keep telling you this. We keep getting the same story about we need to do more with less when it comes to your public education. But that's only for public education. When it comes to that, we need to do more with less.

How many people in here can look at their own budgets in their own home and say, "Hum, Honey, we need to do more with less"?

when it comes to our security or our police force or our military, we don't hear anybody saying, "We need to do more with less." When it comes to our state leaders and their campaign funds, you will never hear them say, "We need to do more with less." But when it comes to us, when it comes to our children, we need to do more with less?

Let me give you one last fact. Our state leadership just told you that if you vote for Initiative 42, they will have to cut IHL. But 15 minutes ago you just heard the president of MCC say that his budget has been cut for the last 14 years. The stenographer

got it.

Now, let me tell you I'm not the sharpest knife in the drawer, but you just said that if you vote for Initiative 42, then you will have to cut IHL, but the president of MCC just said he's been getting cut all along. It's time to get through this snow job.

In November vote for Initiative 42 and let's stop being last. Our children deserve much more.

MS. BRANDON: William Tucker from Meridian will rise to speak in favor of Initiative 42.

MR. TUCKER: Good evening.

I am a teacher at Meridian High School, just as Camille Lesseig is. Kimberly Wilkerson, our librarian, is here as well.

Mr. Taylor is here. Thank you for being here.

What I want to talk to you about is not whether you should vote for Initiative 42, but I want to talk to you about is reality.

Reality. This right here, this is reality.

(Indicating textbook) Now, I graduated from Meridian High in 2006. When I was in ninth grade at Northwest Junior High School, we had

this same book, this same exact book. Now, let's take a look inside. Oh, look, on the front cover. Writing on every page.

Reality is when it comes to education, they don't want to fully fund it. Now, I teach human anatomy and physiology, botany and zoology. The botany books that I use are from 2000. I don't even have zoology books. I don't. The AP books that I have are 15 years old. This is our science book. This is from 2002. The kids open this and they read it. This is outdated information.

Now, a textbook costs maybe \$100. Take a look at this nice background we have up here. Where did that come from? From our tax dollars. That's probably I'd say at least 3-or \$400. Is it necessary? No, it's not. I'm going to the Dollar Store. I'm getting poster board. I'm not even going to print it on paper. I'm going to handwrite it because I've got to save that paper for my students. That is reality.

Now, to say or even make the implication that any of us become teachers for the money is the most insulting thing I have ever, ever

heard. [Inaudible due to applause]

The classroom I teach in, Erwin High School, you walk in there, it's going to look exactly the same now as it did when you were in school there. It has not changed, period. I can't even teach [inaudible] in my class because, guess what, it violates OSHA, period. I can't do it. Don't tell somebody it's not there because it is. Always, always, always. And you lobbyists. Stop lying. You've been caught with your hand in the jar, and enough is enough.

MS. BRANDON: Lisa Kennedy Perkins from Philadelphia will speak in favor of Initiative 42.

MS. PERKINS: First of all, I'm so
fired up about this deal that I prayed about
it, openly prayed about it, and here I am.

First of all, I want to say our children, our community cannot prosper without us doing the right thing, which is to get busy supporting and spreading the word to vote for Initiative 42. We owe it to our ancestors who worked hard to train us up as honorable people. We, the people of all walks of life,

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need to go -- to join hands in this fight for justice for all children.

In my heart it's clear that the legislators are scared that they are going to lose control of their guarding of the school funding and the fear of being held accountable for their actions regarding the school funding. All children deserve an equal opportunity for a free excellent public education. There should not be a need for private schools. If we get funded like we're supposed to, people in private schools are going to want to come back to our public schools. I've talked to them.

Our schools need money that we just don't have for many things. A few things that I'm passionate about are the need for counselors, social workers on campus full time -- I'm telling you -- not paper pushers like they are now.

We need buses. The other day when I was in the car rider line, y'all, I promise you I saw a bus that looked like a bus -- it had to be a bus that I rode on in the '70s. I'm 52 years old. I'm not kidding.

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We need smaller classes. Last year I volunteered to go in the classroom and help out. Y'all, it was -- it broke my heart. The principal sent me to three different classrooms. By the time I got to the third one, y'all, it was nothing but all -- it doesn't matter, but I'm going to say it -- it was all black children. And it was so sad. My heart just broke. I couldn't do it again. I'm telling you. These children were -- they were so messed up. They just -- they were just craving attention. They're acting out because they need attention they're not getting at home.

Teachers should not have to send lists home for supplies. Teachers should not have to buy books. They have to buy books for our children to read because there are not enough books in the library. They shouldn't have to buy anything pertaining to our classrooms.

Our children are the ones that are suffering, and our children are our future.

In closing, I'm just sick and tired of being 50th in education. I want to stay in Mississippi. I want my family to stay in

Mississippi. I just -- it's time for a change.

Thank you. Vote for Initiative 42.

MS. BRANDON: Next is Representative

Charles Young to speak in favor of

Initiative 42.

REPRESENTATIVE YOUNG: Good evening,
everyone.

I look around, and I know quite a few of the faces here, and all of you that know me and know the Young family know that the Youngs have always been a staunch supporter of education.

During the William Winter push for adequate education, Mississippi achieved a very significant foothold. Since then Mississippi has regressed. In any setting that you look at, it says that children are more receptive at early ages up to five than they are after five. Mississippi does not want to support pre-K.

Head Start. My father lobbied Lyndon

Johnson right after the Kennedy assassination

Lyndon Johnson asked my dad did he want him to

join Kennedy in the grave by going to Congress

and asking for money for poor folks and minorities to fund Head Start.

Lady Bird Johnson coined the phrase,
"Children getting a head start on life." And
the initial Head Start budget came through the
first lady. How many of us know what the
first lady's budget is? I've never heard of
the president's wife having a dollar amount on
the budget. When she needs an alcohol
treatment center, it's done. When she needs a
battered children's center, it's done. When
they need a library, it's done.

In Mississippi -- I don't know if you listened tonight or not, but your leadership said regardless of what takes place tonight, regardless of what takes place on November 3rd, the process will be circumvented. Control will not be relinquished.

The moneys that move in education are large numbers. But as my friend Michael Van Veckhoven said, we've introduced charter schools. Charter schools already have guaranteed appropriation of 3 percent of whatever is on the budget, regardless.

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when we talk about public schools, let's MAEP was supposed to [inaudible]. be honest. That was to make certain we overcame a lot of those impasses that we had on education not being provided to certain people in certain Go to the Delta. They don't have areas. They don't have teachers. But when I much. go to the Coast, they are able to spend \$35,000 per child, and they've got nice boards, and they're 100 percent digital. When I go up to DeSoto County, they're above \$50,000 per child, state of the art. But when I come home to the Meridian Public School District, my children have got old worn-out books, they still on those same chalkboards that I was accustomed to at Meridian High School and Northwest and Magnolia and West Newton. And we have not experienced those opportunities.

The legislature wants this to die, and it will die if we don't get out and vote.

Because with the introduction of Initiative

42, I want everyone to understand this -you're not up yet. Good. I want everyone to understand the process. The leadership in the

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House of Representatives knew that anything they get through the House, it was automatically going to pass in the Senate. We can call it conservative or whatever we want to. The vote in the Senate doesn't matter when it comes down to it. In the House of Representatives we debated this for a very long period of time, and let me explain why:

Number one, regarding the constitutional amendment, as our Secretary of State explained to you, on the top of that ballot it's going to be designed to confuse you. It's going to be a yes box and a no box. "Do you want to vote for this constitutional amendment?" That's the first choice.

The second choice is going to be, if you check yes, then it's going to have a provision for 42 and then for 42A.

Now, our state process for a constitutional amendment, 40 percent of the voter base has to support the initiative. So number 1, if you don't check yes or no, your vote is gone. Number 2, if you check no, your vote is gone. Number 3, if you check Initiative 42A, your vote is gone.

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Forty percent of the total voter base. So whatever that total turnout is, 40 percent of that number. I want to make sure that everybody understands that. I want you to understand the trickery that's involved in the process. So by adding the additional option, it creates four opportunities for failure.

Thank you.

MS. BRANDON: Becky Glover from Meridian. She will speak in favor of Initiative 42.

MS. GLOVER: I'm Becky Glover, and I'm from Meridian, Mississippi. I'm a proud product of public schools. Daughter-in-law of a public school teacher for almost 30 years in this district. And my son and our only child is a proud produce of the Meridian Public Schools.

I support Initiative 42 because I strongly believe that Initiative 42 is a bipartisan effort to improve not only education, but also the quality of life for all Mississippians, not just families who have children in public schools.

As Governor William Winter has said many

times and we all now know, "The only road out of poverty runs by" -- what? -- "the schoolhouse."

I support Initiative 42 because I believe we all know these four things beyond a shadow of a doubt: Number 1, poverty is Mississippi's greatest challenge. Number 2, Mississippi's individuals, families, and state itself are more impoverished and therefore more economically dependent on others than anyone anywhere in the United States. Number 3, education is the strongest tool in the toolbox with which we can fix poverty and economic dependency. Number 4, public schools educate over 90 percent of Mississippi's children.

Therefore, anything that impacts poverty the way education does and anything that impacts over 90 percent of Mississippi's families the way public schools do automatically holds the number one spot for the potential to do the most good or the most harm for all Mississippians.

I support Initiative 42 because it establishes a mechanism to ensure a minimal

level funding. Right now that minimum is the MAEP formula.

I support Initiative 42 because I have no problem with a court requiring the legislature to follow a law regarding a minimal level of funding for our kindergarten through 12th grade public schools. The legislature will still have the freedom and the authority to go above minimum, just not below it.

I support Initiative 42 because I value education so much that I believe it's necessary to include this language in our state's Constitution. We all know if nothing changes, nothing changes. Without the language in Initiative 42, nothing will change.

Thank you.

MS. BRANDON: Thank you very much.

Next Robert Turnage from Philadelphia, another speaker in favor of Initiative 42.

[COURT REPORTER NOTE: COULD NOT HEAR
PORTIONS OF SPEAKER'S COMMENTS AND MAY BE
INACCURACIES]

MR. TURNAGE: On the way here tonight

I passed a school bus. The number on it was 9601. I drove in from Philadelphia tonight. I saw a school bus, the number was 98. I forget the last numbers. But what those first numbers indicate, that's the year the bus was purchased. The bus that was purchased in '96, that bus is 19 years old.

Several years ago when I was in the school district, it wasn't required then, but they encouraged you to have buses be no more than ten years old. I don't know what that is now. They may have changed it. But the bottom line is we need better buses.

In fact, our school buses in Philadelphia, we were underfunded 20 percent. [Inaudible]

I've got a friend. He said I was watching TV one night, and Jerry Clower was on there. And the talk show host said that the debate was — they had two guys on there, one from each side. One was for [inaudible] and one was for prosecuting to the fullest extent of the law. And the host said, "We'll be back in 30 seconds with Jerry Clower and ask him what he thinks."

So he came back on, and Jerry Clower was there. The guy said, "Jerry, what do you think? Should we prosecute them to the fullest extent of the law, or should we" [inaudible]

[COURT REPORTER UNABLE TO HEAR COMMENTS BY THIS SPEAKER]

MS. BRANDON: Thank you, Mr. Turnage.

Joyce Helmick from Hernando. She gets the prize for driving the furthest.

MS. HELMICK: My name is Joyce
Helmick, and I am a product of public
schools. My children are a product of
public school. My husband is a product of
public schools. And I have a grandson in
public school in kindergarten right now. I
am a 37-year-veteran of the English
classroom in public schools in Mississippi.

I rise tonight in support of Initiative
42 as president of the Mississippi Association
of Educators. And this is my fourth hearing.
I come to all the hearings to speak for the
thousands of educators who know firsthand that
Initiative 42 is the only way that our
lawmakers will fund our schools so that our

students receive the resources, tools, and support that they need for their success.

For the last two years I've been president of MAE, and I have visited school after school where the needs are great. Seriously overcrowded classrooms. Just this week one fifth grade had 37 students. Yes, leaky classrooms.

In one I asked, "Well, aren't they supposed to be fixed by the maintenance man?" So I remember clearly one time when my roof was leaking, I asked the maintenance man, "Will you fix that leaky roof?"

And he said, "With what? Duct tape?"

Just this week I was in a building
similar to what we have outside today. The
principal came in to see me. His pants were
wet from knee down. His shoes were soaking.
He said, "I can't meet right now. I have
three classrooms that are flooding, and I just
had an awning fall down, and my students have
got to get to the buses. I have to make sure
they don't get hurt."

That's reality. We do have old disgraceful books. And we have very minimal

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if no technology in a lot of our schools, but our students are achieving despite these circumstance, and imagine what they could achieve if their needs were truly met. Initiative 42 will ensure that that will happen.

At the first hearing I attended, a man stood up and said, "I thought we came to learn something." Well, I have listened and learned. As I said, this is my fourth. have learned from educators, from parents, from community leaders and from lawmakers who know that Initiative 42 is the only way that state lawmakers will ever fund our schools so that all of our children, no matter their ZIP code, will have the resources they need to succeed.

And as I have said before, a decoy is a decoy is a decoy. And all of us in this room know and we will agree a decoy, it does not put meat on the table. And that is why the Mississippi Association of Educators supports Initiative 42.

Thank you.

MS. BRANDON: Thank you. Weston

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Lindermann from Meridian.

MR. LINDERMANN: My name is Weston Lindermann. I was born and raised here in Meridian. And I went to Meridian High School, where I just graduated.

I was born in 1997, the same year that the state legislature signed that they would fully fund education. Unfortunately, though, over the course of the 18 years -- and that's how old I am -- they only fully funded it twice. So basically my entire education has been underfunded. And I don't think that's sufficient.

But basically Mississippi is 50th in education nationwide. We can do better. mean, we're 50th in so many categories from childhood well-being to highest rate of Surely we can do better than this. poverty.

The legislature does nothing to fix it. You'd have to ask Representative Snowden, but it could be that they send them to private schools so they don't have to worry about it. So, I mean, education is the bedrock --

REP. SNOWDEN: Did you say my kids went to private school?

MR. LINDERMANN: No, sir. I said --1 2 REP. SNOWDEN: Okay. I'm sorry. I 3 thought I made that clear. I want to make 4 sure I understood. My kids are a product of 5 public schools. MR. LINDERMANN: I believe many of our 6 7 state legislators' kids go to private 8 schools, and I know several of the 9 legislators around here went to private schools. But that's good to know, which 10 makes you a bit of a hypocrite for not fully 11 12 funding education. The point is that education is the 13 14 bedrock --15 MS. BRANDON: Excuse me. Let's keep 16 it on the subject. MR. LINDERMANN: The point is 17 education is the bedrock of democracy. 18 19 quarantees that the American dream is accessible to everyone, that we all want the 20 21 same opportunity. 22 So for that reason we have to fight for education, we have to fight for better 23 schools, and we have to continue to invest in 24 25 our future. And it starts with the children

in our schools. And then only way we can do that is by voting out the people who don't support this and tell us otherwise.

Thank you. And please support Initiative 42 in November.

MS. BRANDON: Representative Johnny Stringer of Montrose.

REPRESENTATIVE STRINGER: Thank you.

I'm State Representative Johnny
Stringer. I've served in the House of
Representatives for 36 years. I was 16 when I
first got elected, maybe 17. It's been so
long ago.

But, anyway, I knew the chairman of the House Appropriations Committee who lost his job four years ago. But I was there when we fully funded adequate education in '97. We fully funded it in '08. When we left out, it was fully funded; but, as you well know, it was cut. And then we fully funded again in '09. We went into a recession, and we thought it was fully funded, but it was cut. It hasn't been funded since.

I tell you some of the budgets that have been raised for your conservative movements is

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the House and Senate budget. It has been increased 22 percent -- 22 percent -- \$5 million. I know that sounds like a lot, but it's a lot when you've got just a few number of people, 22 percent.

what happened to this money? Well, some nice trips to Alaska, you know. Wouldn't you love to be up there right now? I've got a real nice new laptop computer. We could have bought schoolbooks instead. But that's the way the law -- you know, the money went. You know, you've got to put this money where it does the most good. And I don't think the House and the Senate buying laptops did the most good.

But, anyway, the only way that you're going to fund education is through 42. I can tell you that. I've been there 36 years. It is the only way you're going to fund it is through 42.

So I want to speak a little on another subject because we've had so many good speakers here today. You know, I've heard all my life "death and taxes." And it's in that order, you know. After you die, you still got

to pay taxes. But I can guarantee you here tonight -- just mark it on the wall -- if 42 doesn't pass, your ad valorem car tags, business taxes are all going up. It's going to be the schools are funded on the local level instead of from Jackson.

So please go out and support 42.

MS. BRANDON: Brandon Presley from Nettleton. Mr. Presley.

MR. PRESLEY: Thank you very much.

Thank you, Secretary of State Hosemann for putting this on. He did a good job.

I have a lot of respect for
Representative Snowden who made his remarks
today. He's a wise man. We simply disagree
on this.

This is not a Republican issue or a Democratic issue. I want to quote you one from both parties, one from each party.

Harry Truman, my favorite of all, said, "If you can't convince them, confuse them."

And Teddy Roosevelt, my favorite

Republican president, said that "The

Constitution was made for people. The people
weren't made for the Constitution."

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Our Constitution in Mississippi exists for us, for the people of all 82 counties. For the Mississippians here in 2015, but also for the Mississippians that aren't here yet, that aren't born. Because Initiative 42 and the issues that we're here to talk about tonight and we're going to decide in this election isn't just about 2015. It's about 2035. It's about 2055. It's about those generations of Mississippians just like me and you who are tired of the "ain't it awful." All of the "ain't it awful" stories. Ain't it awful that our kids have got to go to schools [inaudible]. Ain't it awful they have schoolbooks that look like they got in a yard sale?

The children in our public school district and those in the other school districts -- and I get tired of it and the mamas and daddies get tired of it -- when they go around selling candles and cookie dough or candy bars to try to raise money for school. Those hours and those minutes and those efforts and those steps could be spent on homework with Mama and Daddy and Grandmama and

Granddaddy learning about that.

The fact of the matter is we're behind. We all know that. We all know that. And the only issue that cuts across everything from crime to poverty to our [inaudible] is education. It is the one thing we can do something about. We can't do nothing about our natural resources. We've got to preserve them. There's a lot of things we can't fix, but we can fix this problem.

John Foster Douglas used to be the Secretary of State of this country. He wanted to get out of town. He went up to the pilot, and the pilot said, "Where to, Mr. Secretary?"

And he said, "It don't matter. We've got trouble all over."

And I know that we feel that way. I know the legislature and the Republicans, the Democrats, the Conservators, the Liberals, the Senate and the House all feel that way sometimes. They're not bad people. They're not bad folks. We see this issue differently.

But Douglas also said, "The measure of our problems is not whether or not we have them, but it's whether or not we have that

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same problem this year as we had last year and the year before that and the year before that and the year before that."

Now, President Roosevelt said that the Constitution is made for the people; the people aren't made for the Constitution. We, the citizens of this state, the people, are solid. The people, the unelected people, are solid in Mississippi. We have the right to tell our government what it's going to do and what it's not going to do. That's why we said we're going to have voter ID. That's why we said you're not going to be able to take private land for private purposes. It's why we have initiative referendums in the state, and it's why the people have the right to have their voices heard.

Never before has there been an alternative measure put on the ballot. I was disappointed to see that happen. You can't argue with the legislature's right to do it. The law says they can. But our job is to go out and tell a story. And it's to tell a story about a little girl that got on a school bus on a gravel road in rural Mississippi this

morning or that little boy in north Jackson or that little girl or boy here in Meridian downtown who got on the school bus to go to school in Mississippi. That what this is all about. It's not about politics below the Golden Eagle in Jackson. It's not about what's conservative and liberal. It's about what is right and wrong. It's about the children of Mississippi.

william Winter got it done. Can't we find that will among ourselves to do good things again when our future is at stake? Can't we find amongst ourselves that will to get this fixed once and for all? Let's just be honest. Hold the legislature's feet to the fire and make sure that promises made are promises kept and make sure that we make education a priority. Make sure that education comes before lobbyists. Make sure education of our school children is fully funded. It takes guts to stand up to the lobbyists.

Vote for 42. There are some good people in this state and good folks on both sides.

Do the right thing and vote for 42.

MS. BRANDON: Thank you.

If everything has been said, on behalf of Secretary Hosemann, I want to thank you very much for coming out tonight. You are among almost 1,000 people who have shown up for our four hearings to express your opinion on public education funding in Mississippi. We'll have four more hearings. We'll be in Cleveland, Gulfport, Brookhaven, and Hattiesburg. Next Tuesday we will not have a hearing. That's a runoff day, so I encourage you to get out and vote. And we'll see you at the polls on November 3rd.

Be safe traveling home.

(PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED AT 7:33 P.M.)

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CERTIFICATE OF COURT REPORTER

I, SHARRON F. ALLEN, Certified Shorthand
Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of
Mississippi at large, hereby certify that the
foregoing 93 pages contain a full, true, and correct
transcript of the proceedings as taken by me at the
time and place heretofore stated in the
aforementioned matter by stenotype and later reduced
to typewritten form by me to the best of my skill
and ability by means of computer-aided
transcription.

I further certify that I am not in the employ of or related to any counsel or party in this matter and have no interest, monetary or otherwise, as to the final outcome of this proceeding.

WITNESS MY SIGNATURE AND SEAL, this the 28th day of September, 2015.

SHARRON F. ALLEN, CSR, RPR CSR NO. 1144

My Commission Expires:

November 5, 2015